

**Literacy and Topic**

This week we will be looking at different types of sentences and how they are used to in writing different forms of text, e.g. information, instructions, questions.

**Monday**

There 4 different types of sentences – statements, exclamations, questions and commands. Here are examples of each.

**Statements**

Statements are sentences which tell you something, like a fact. They should contain a verb, a noun and usually end with a full stop.

**Birds have feathers.**



**Questions**

Questions are sentences that ask you something. They usually end with a question mark.

**Do you like birds?**



**Commands**

Commands are sentences that tell you to do something. They are found in instructions and start with an imperative verb (bossy word).

**Look at that woodpecker.**



**Exclamations**

An exclamation is a sentence beginning with 'What' or 'How'. It is a full sentence, including a verb, which ends with an exclamation mark.

**What a lovely bird this is!**



Can you identify the different types of sentences?

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x9sQhatrM6M&fbclid=IwAR0fhrDL04nfWnVUUFErYzTBj2EZR\\_N\\_GaVXo2byX5kJNVUQyxNINtrh8!](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x9sQhatrM6M&fbclid=IwAR0fhrDL04nfWnVUUFErYzTBj2EZR_N_GaVXo2byX5kJNVUQyxNINtrh8!)

Complete the work sheet below identifying the sentence types.

CHALLENGE! Can you write 4 sentences of your own for each sentence type?

Now log in to the Education City Website This is your First name and the first letter of your second name followed by 100.

e.g. JohnB100

Each child has an individual password which will be sent out to you.

Click on the Homework folder and you will find a Sentence Type activity, Paws for Effect to compete. Good luck!

**Can you write the correct sentence type in the box?**

Chicks are yellow and fluffy.

\_\_\_\_\_

Do you know where the chicks came from?

\_\_\_\_\_

How can you tell the difference between the male and female chicks?

\_\_\_\_\_

The chicks have arrived!

\_\_\_\_\_

Wash your hands after you have touched them.

\_\_\_\_\_

Chicks are baby chickens.

\_\_\_\_\_

The box they live in is called an incubator.

\_\_\_\_\_

What a cute chick!

\_\_\_\_\_

Hold the chicks carefully so that they feel safe.

\_\_\_\_\_

Why are the chicks in our school?

\_\_\_\_\_

**Tuesday**

Choose something to cook, bake or make (e.g. cookies, a puppet of a character). Then write a recipe or instructions to tell somebody else what to do. What type of sentences will you use? Remember to include numbers, time words (first, next, then) and verbs (mix, cut, stick, sprinkle). See the example below.

### How to Make a Papier Mâché Globe

Are you learning about the continents of the world? Read on to discover how to make a papier mâché globe of your own to help you to remember them.

**You will need:**

a round balloon

lots of strips of newspaper about 2cm wide

a bowl of water and flour mixture (one cup of flour and two cups of water)

an atlas

a continents of the world sheet

some blue paint and paintbrush

a pack of felt tip pens

a pair of scissors

some glue



1. First of all, blow up the balloon gently. Don't let it burst.
2. Ask a grown-up to help you tie the balloon if it is tricky.
3. Dip the strips of newspaper in the flour and water mix and slowly wrap the strips all around the balloon until it is covered.
4. Cover the balloon at least three or four times.
5. Leave the balloon to go solid. Place it in a warm, dry place.
6. Next, paint the whole globe blue to show the water.
7. Leave to dry.
8. Colour in the seven continents neatly on the activity sheet.
9. Cut out the continents but be careful with the scissors.
10. Stick the continents in the right position on the globe. Use an atlas to help you if you are unsure.
11. Label the oceans and carefully draw the line of the equator. Finally, label the continents of North America, South America, Africa, Antarctica, Australasia, Europe and Asia.

**CHALLENGE!** Treasure Hunt! Can you write a clear list of instructions to direct a member of your family around your house or garden to find a hidden object?

**Wednesday**

Research facts about an animal that lives in Antarctica and create a fact file. You could include what they eat, how they are adapted to their habitat and their life cycle. Draw a picture of your chosen animal.

CHALLENGE! Can you include “Did you know...?” questions in your fact file?

**Art/DT CHALLENGE!** Can you create a 3D model of your animal? You could use recyclable materials or if you have the ingredients salt dough! (Recipe for salt dough below.) You could use Lego or building bricks to create the habitat.



## Salt Dough

### Playdough Recipe

#### You will need:

- 2 cups flour
- 1 cup salt
- 1 cup water
- Food colouring (optional)

#### Method

1. Mix together the flour and salt in a large mixing bowl.
2. If desired, add 5-10 drops of food colouring to 1 cup of water.
3. Stir the water into the flour and salt in the large bowl.
4. Roll out the dough on a flat surface and knead it together. It should be soft and pliable.
5. Make models and ornaments.
6. The dough can be left to air dry or dried in a low oven 120-150°C. The time the dough takes to dry will depend on the size and thickness of your creations.

Literacy and Topic Week 1 Summer 1 20.4.20

**Thursday**

Reading Comprehension – Carefully read the information Polar explorer, Ernest Shackleton and answer the questions about him and his expeditions.

CHALLENGE! Write questions you would like to find out about exploring the Polar regions. Can you research the answers to your questions?

Science/DT Challenge – To build a boat that can float in water. Using building bricks, pencils, kitchen weights, etc, see how much weight your boat can hold before sinking. Can you adapt your boat design to hold more objects without sinking?

# Ernest Shackleton

Ernest Shackleton was a polar explorer. He went on three journeys to the Antarctic and made lots of discoveries.

## Early Life

Ernest Henry Shackleton was born on 15<sup>th</sup> February 1874. His parents were Henry Shackleton and Henrietta Gavan. Ernest had one brother and eight sisters!

Ernest loved to read adventure stories as a child. He was very clever but found school boring. He did not want to hear about the world from his teachers; he wanted to see it for himself.



## Sailing the Seas

Ernest left school when he was 16 years old. He spent many years learning how to sail and spent a lot of time on ships that carried food and goods around the world. After eight years, Ernest was able to sail a British ship anywhere in the world.

## Discovery

Ernest's first journey to the Antarctic was on the National Antarctic Expedition. This was a journey of discovery led by Robert Falcon Scott, who was a successful explorer. The team set sail aboard a ship named 'Discovery' on 31<sup>st</sup> July 1901. They arrived at the Antarctic coast over five months later but lots of things went wrong for the team. Ernest became very poorly and was sent home early on 4<sup>th</sup> January 1903.

## Nimrod

Ernest began his second journey to the Antarctic on 1<sup>st</sup> January 1908. He set sail aboard a ship named 'Nimrod'. Ernest and his team climbed Mount Erebus, which is the second-highest volcano in Antarctica. They came even closer to the South Pole than they had before. Ernest received an award from King Edward VII for what he had done.

## Endurance

Ernest wanted to go to the Antarctic again so he put an advert in the newspaper asking for men to join him. More than 5,000 people wanted to go but Ernest only chose a crew of 56. They were split between two ships named 'Endurance' and 'Aurora'. Both ships set sail on 8<sup>th</sup> August 1914.

Unfortunately, the ship 'Endurance' became stuck in the ice on 19<sup>th</sup> January 1915 and it sank nine months later. Ernest and his crew left the ship and lived on top of the Antarctic ice.

---

They were there for nearly two years before they were rescued on 30<sup>th</sup> August 1916.

**Did You Know...?**

- Ernest married his wife, Emily, on 9<sup>th</sup> April 1904.
- Ernest and Emily had three children. They called them Raymond, Cecily and Edward.
- One cat, named Mrs Chippy, lived on the ship 'Endurance' during the journey.



# Questions

1. From which person did Ernest receive an award? Tick one.

- Queen Victoria
- Queen Elizabeth II
- King Edward VII
- King Henry VIII

2. On which date did Ernest marry his wife, Emily? Tick one.

- 15<sup>th</sup> February 1874
- 4<sup>th</sup> January 1903
- 9<sup>th</sup> April 1904
- 19<sup>th</sup> January 1915

3. What were the names of the two ships that took part in Ernest's third journey to the Antarctic? Tick two.

- 'Endurance'
- 'Nimrod'
- 'Aurora'
- 'Discovery'

4. Draw lines to match the event to the year it happened in.

Ernest was rescued from the ice.	1874
Ernest was born.	1901
Ernest went on his first journey.	1916

5. Fill in the missing words.

Ernest had \_\_\_\_\_ brother and \_\_\_\_\_ sisters!

6. Find and copy the name of the cat that lived aboard 'Endurance'.

---

7. Do you think Ernest and the team enjoyed their first trip to the Antarctic? Explain how you know.

---

---

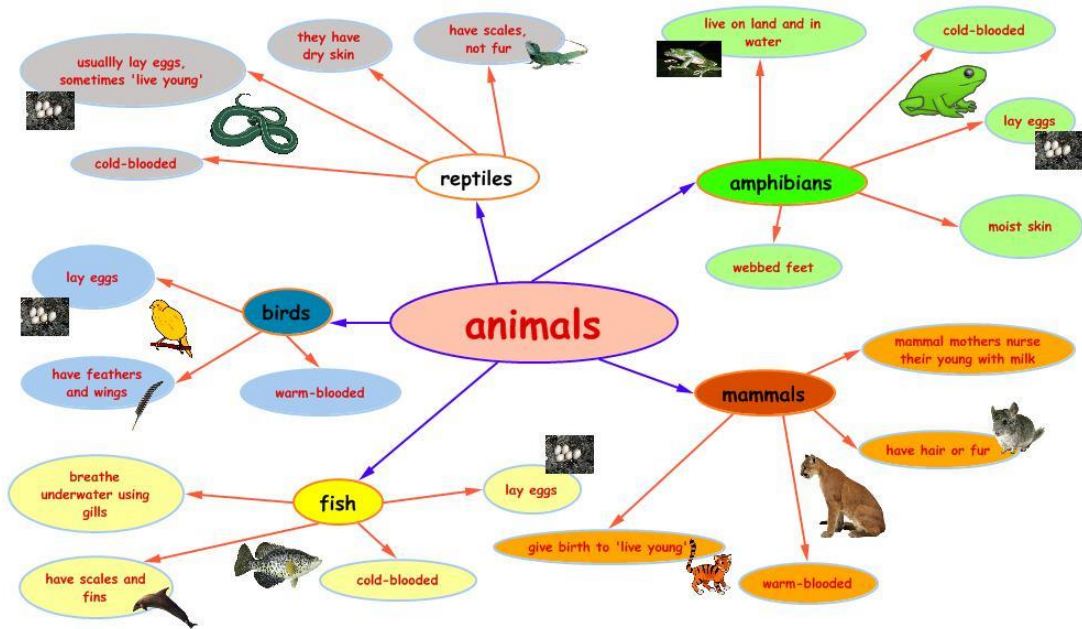
---



**Friday**

**Amazing Animals**

As we begin our topic, Amazing Animals next week, today we would like you to create a mind map of what you already know about minibeasts and their habitats. Do you know what insects like to eat? Do you know where they like to live and why? Once you have completed your mind map, write a list of questions about minibeasts and habitats that you would like to find out the answers to. Here is an example of a mind map:-



**Computing**

Using the Purple Mash website, create and label your own Minibeast.

Purple mash login: This is your First name and the first letter of your second name, and the password is redred11

e.g. JohnB redred11



On the home page go to the Topic section, then click on Minibeasts. Finally click on Minibeast in the Paint project section. Remember to save your work by clicking on the Purple box in the left hand corner and choosing save. This will take you to your own folder of work. Below is a copy of my Minibeast which may or may not give you some inspiration!

